IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE RIGHTS
University of Michigan Group Health Plan

What is COBRA coverage?
COBRA coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage required under Federal law. This law requires that most group health plans including the University of Michigan Group Health Plan ("the Plan") give “qualified beneficiaries” the opportunity to continue their health care coverage when there is a “qualifying event” that would result in a loss of coverage under an employer’s plan. Depending on the type of qualifying event, “qualified beneficiaries” can include the employee (or retired employee) covered under the group health plan, the covered employee’s spouse or Other Qualified Adult (“OQA”), and the dependent children of the covered employee or the employee’s OQA. (Certain newborns, newly adopted children, and alternate recipients under QMCSOs may also be qualified beneficiaries. This is discussed in more detail in separate paragraphs below.)

COBRA coverage is the same coverage that the Plan gives to other participants or beneficiaries under the Plan who are not receiving COBRA coverage. Each qualified beneficiary who elects COBRA will have the same rights under the Plan as other participants or beneficiaries covered under the component or components of the Plan elected by the qualified beneficiary, including open enrollment and special enrollment rights.

COBRA (and the description of COBRA coverage contained in this notice) applies only to the group health benefits offered under the Plan (the Medical, Dental, Vision and Health Care Flexible Spending Account components) and not to any other benefits offered by the University of Michigan (such as the legal plan, employee or dependent life insurance, long term disability, or the Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account.)

The Plan provides no greater COBRA rights than what COBRA requires—nothing in this notice is intended to expand your rights beyond COBRA’s requirements.

How can you elect COBRA?
To elect COBRA, you must complete the Election Form according to the directions on the Election Form and mail or hand deliver it to the University of Michigan Payroll Office by the date specified on the Election Form. Failure to do so will result in the right to elect COBRA coverage under the Plan. Each qualified beneficiary has a separate right to elect COBRA. For example, the employee’s spouse may elect COBRA even if the employee does not. COBRA may be elected for only one, several, or for all dependent children who are qualified beneficiaries. A parent may elect COBRA on behalf of any dependent children who are qualified beneficiaries. The employee or the employee’s spouse (if the spouse is a qualified beneficiary) can elect COBRA on behalf of all of the qualified beneficiaries.

You may elect COBRA under any or all of the group health components of the Plan (Medical, Dental, Vision and Health FSA) under which you were covered on the day before the qualifying event. (For example, if a qualified beneficiary was covered under the Medical and Dental components on the day before a qualifying event, he or she may elect COBRA under the Dental component only, the Medical component only, or under both Medical and Dental. Such a qualified beneficiary could not elect COBRA under the Vision component, because he or she was not covered under this component on the day before the qualifying event.)

Additional information about the Medical, Dental, Vision and Health FSA components of the Plan is available from the University of Michigan.

Qualified beneficiaries who are entitled to elect COBRA may do so even if they have other group health plan coverage or are entitled to (actually covered) Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both) on or before the date on which COBRA is elected. However, as discussed below, a qualified beneficiary’s COBRA coverage will terminate automatically if, after electing COBRA, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare benefits or becomes covered under other group health plan coverage. See the paragraph entitled “How long will COBRA coverage last?”
**Electing COBRA under the Health FSA component**

COBRA coverage under the Health FSA will be offered only to qualified beneficiaries losing coverage who have underspent accounts. A qualified beneficiary has an underspent account if the annual limit elected under the Health FSA by the covered employee, reduced by reimbursable claims submitted up to the time of the qualifying event, is equal to or more than the amount of the premiums for Health FSA COBRA coverage that will be charged for the remainder of the plan year. COBRA coverage will consist of the Health FSA coverage in force at the time of the qualifying event (i.e., the elected annual limit reduced by reimbursable claims submitted up to the time of the qualifying event). The use-it-or-lose-it rule will continue to apply, so any unused amounts will be forfeited at the end of the plan year, and COBRA coverage will terminate at the end of the plan year.

**How long will COBRA coverage last?**

In the case of a loss of coverage due to end of employment or reduction of hours of employment, coverage generally may be continued only for up to a total of 18 months.

When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of the employee’s hours of employment, and a second qualifying event occurs such as the employee’s death or divorce, or a dependent child ceasing to be a dependent under the terms of the Plan, coverage may be continued for up to a total of 36 months. Exception: COBRA coverage under the Health FSA component can last only until the end of the year in which the qualifying event occurred—see the paragraph above entitled “Electing COBRA under the Health FSA component.”

The enclosed COBRA Election Notice shows the maximum period of COBRA coverage available to the qualified beneficiaries. COBRA coverage will automatically terminate before the end of the maximum period if:

1. Any required premium is not paid in full on time;
2. A qualified beneficiary becomes covered, after electing COBRA, under another group health plan;
3. A qualified beneficiary becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both) after electing COBRA. This will apply only to the person who becomes entitled to Medicare.
4. During a disability extension period (the disability extension is explained below), the disabled qualified beneficiary is determined by the Social Security Administration to be no longer disabled (COBRA coverage for all qualified beneficiaries, not just the disabled qualified beneficiary, will terminate).
5. The University of Michigan no longer provides group health coverage to any of its employees.

COBRA coverage may also be terminated for any reason the Plan would terminate coverage of a participant or beneficiary not receiving COBRA coverage (such as fraud).

You must notify the University of Michigan in writing within 30 days if, after electing COBRA, a qualified beneficiary becomes entitled to Medicare (Part A, Part B, or both) or becomes covered under other group health plan coverage. You must use the university’s form entitled “Notice of Other Coverage, Medicare Entitlement, or Cessation of Disability Form.” You may obtain a copy of this form from the university at no charge, or you can download the form at [hr.umich.edu/cobra](http://hr.umich.edu/cobra) and you must follow the notice procedures specified in the box at the end of this notice entitled “Notice Procedures.” In addition, if you were already entitled to Medicare before electing COBRA, notify the university of the date of your Medicare entitlement at the address shown in the box entitled “Notice Procedures.”

**How can you extend the length of COBRA coverage?**

If you elect COBRA, an extension of the maximum period of coverage may be available if a qualified beneficiary is disabled or a second qualifying event occurs. You must notify the University of Michigan in writing of a disability or a second qualifying event in order to extend the period of COBRA coverage. Failure to provide proper written notice of a disability or second qualifying event will eliminate the right to extend the period of COBRA coverage. **Oral notice, including notice by telephone, is not acceptable.** (The period of COBRA coverage under the Health FSA cannot be extended under any circumstances.)
Disability
If any of the qualified beneficiaries is determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled, the maximum COBRA coverage period that results from a covered employee’s termination of employment or reduction of hours (generally 18 months, as described above) may be extended to a total of up to 29 months.

The disability must have started at some time before the 61st day after the covered employee’s termination of employment or reduction of hours and must last at least until the end of the period of COBRA coverage that would be available without the disability extension (generally 18 months, as described above).

Each qualified beneficiary who has elected COBRA coverage will be entitled to the disability extension if one of them qualifies.

The disability extension is available only if you notify the University of Michigan in writing of the Social Security Administration’s determination of disability within 60 days after the latest of:

- the date of the Social Security Administration’s disability determination;
- the date of the covered employee’s termination of employment or reduction of hours; and
- the date on which the qualified beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage under the terms of the Plan as a result of the covered employee’s termination or reduction of hours.

You must provide notice within 18 months after the covered employee’s termination of employment or reduction of hours in order to be entitled to a disability extension. In providing this notice, you must use the university’s form entitled “Notice of Disability (Form & Notice Procedures).” You may obtain a copy of this form from the university at no charge, or you can download the form at hr.umich.edu/sites/default/files/notice-of-disability.pdf, and you must follow the notice procedures specified in the box at the end of this notice entitled “Notice Procedures.” If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided in writing to the University of Michigan during the 60-day notice period and within 18 months after the covered employee’s termination of employment or reduction of hours, THEN THERE WILL BE NO DISABILITY EXTENSION OF COBRA COVERAGE. If the qualified beneficiary is determined by the Social Security Administration to no longer be disabled, you must notify the university of that fact within 30 days after the Social Security Administration’s determination. You must use the university’s form entitled “Notice of Other Coverage, Medicare Entitlement, or Cessation of Disability (Form & Notice Procedures).” You may obtain a copy of this form from the university at no charge, or you can download the form at hr.umich.edu/cobra and you must follow the notice procedures specified in the box at the end of this notice entitled “Notice Procedures.” If the Social Security Administration’s determination that the qualified beneficiary is no longer disabled occurs during the disability extension period, COBRA coverage for all qualified beneficiaries will terminate.

Second Qualifying Event
An extension of coverage will be available to spouses and dependent children who are receiving COBRA coverage if a second qualifying event occurs during the 18 months (or, in the case of a disability extension, the 29 months) following the covered employee’s termination of employment or reduction of hours. The maximum amount of COBRA coverage available when a second qualifying event occurs is 36 months. Such second qualifying events may include the death of a covered employee, divorce from the covered employee, or a dependent child’s ceasing to be eligible for coverage as a dependent under the Plan. These events can be a second qualifying event only if they would have caused the qualified beneficiary to lose coverage under the Plan if the first qualifying event had not occurred.

(This extension is not available under the Plan when a covered employee becomes entitled to Medicare.)

This extension due to a second qualifying event is available only if you notify the University of Michigan in writing of the second qualifying event within 60 days after the later of (1) the date of the second qualifying event; and (2)
date on which the qualified beneficiary would lose coverage under the terms of the Plan as a result of the second qualifying event (if it had occurred while the qualified beneficiary was still covered under the Plan). In providing this notice, you must use the University’s form entitled “Notice of Second Qualifying Event (Form & Notice Procedures).” You may obtain a copy of this form from the university at no charge, or you can download the form at http://benefits.umich.edu/forms/cobrasecond.pdf, and you must follow the notice procedures specified in the box at the end of this notice entitled “Notice Procedures. If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided in writing to the University of Michigan during the 60-day notice period, THEN THERE WILL BE NO EXTENSION OF COBRA COVERAGE DUE TO A SECOND QUALIFYING EVENT.

Health FSA Component
COBRA coverage will consist of the Health FSA coverage in force at the time of the qualifying event. If you have a balance in your account after your coverage has ended and do not have sufficient claims incurred prior to the coverage end date to exceed that balance but will have future claims, you must continue after-tax contributions to receive reimbursement of future claims. The use-it-or-lose-it rule will continue to apply, so any unused amounts will be forfeited at the end of the plan year. Unless otherwise elected, all qualified beneficiaries who were covered under the Health FSA will be covered together for Health FSA COBRA coverage. However, each beneficiary has separate election rights, and each could alternatively elect separate COBRA coverage to cover that beneficiary only, with a separate Health FSA annual limit and a separate premium. If you are interested in this alternative, contact the University of Michigan for more information.

More information about individuals who may be qualified beneficiaries

Children born to or placed for adoption with the covered employee during COBRA coverage period
A child born to, adopted by, or placed for adoption with a covered employee during a period of COBRA coverage is considered to be a qualified beneficiary provided that, if the covered employee is a qualified beneficiary, the covered employee has elected COBRA coverage for himself or herself. The child’s COBRA coverage begins when the child is enrolled in the Plan, whether through special enrollment or open enrollment, and it lasts for as long as COBRA coverage lasts for other family members of the employee. You must submit a Benefits Enrollment Change form within 30 days of the child’s birth or placement for adoption to enroll the child in the Plan. Change forms are available on the University Human Resources website at hr.umich.edu or by calling the SSC Contact Center. If you fail to request the addition of the child within 30 days of the birth or adoption, you must wait until the next Open Enrollment period to add the child to your benefits.

Alternate recipients under QMCSOs
A child of the covered employee who is receiving benefits under the Plan pursuant to a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO) received by the University of Michigan during the covered employee’s period of employment with the university is entitled to the same rights to elect COBRA as an eligible dependent child of the covered employee.

Open Enrollment Rights and HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights
Qualified beneficiaries who have elected COBRA will be given the same opportunity available to similarly situated active employees to change their coverage options or to add or eliminate coverage for dependents at open enrollment. In addition, HIPAA’s special enrollment rights will apply to those who have elected COBRA. HIPAA, a federal law, gives a person already on COBRA certain rights to add coverage for dependents if such person acquires a new dependent (through marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption), or if an eligible dependent declines coverage because of other coverage and later loses such coverage due to certain qualifying reasons. You must submit a Benefits Enrollment Change form within 30 days of the event to enroll the dependent in the Plan. Change forms are available on the University Human Resources website at hr.umich.edu or by calling the SSC Contact Center. If you fail to request the addition of the dependent within 30 days of the birth or adoption, you must wait until the next Open Enrollment period to add the child to your benefits.

Except for certain children described above under “Children Born to or Placed for Adoption With the Covered Employee During COBRA Period”, dependents who are enrolled in a special enrollment period or open enrollment
period do not become qualified beneficiaries – their coverage will end at the same time that coverage ends for the person who elected COBRA and later added them as dependents.

**You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage**

For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse’s plan), even if that plan generally doesn’t accept late enrollees. If you decide to shop for coverage in the Marketplace, HealthCare.gov will guide you through the process. If you have questions along the way about the Marketplace, call 1-800-318-2596, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY: 1-855-889-4325).

**For more information**

This notice does not fully describe COBRA coverage or other rights under the Plan. More information about COBRA coverage and your rights under the Plan is available from the University of Michigan.

If you have any questions concerning the information in this notice, your rights to coverage, you may obtain information in writing about the Plan and COBRA coverage on request from:

**Benefits Administration Office**
University of Michigan
3003 South State Street
Wolverine Tower - Low Rise G405
Ann Arbor, MI 48109-1281

*Or you may call the SSC Contact Center at 734-615-2000 or 1-866-647-7657 (toll free).*

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services, has advisory jurisdiction with respect to COBRA as it applies to state and local governmental employers, their group health plans and employees. More information about COBRA provisions for state and local governmental employees is available from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Address and phone numbers are available through the CMS website at [http://www.cms.hhs.gov/hipaa/hipaa1/cobra/fedrole.asp](http://www.cms.hhs.gov/hipaa/hipaa1/cobra/fedrole.asp).

For more information about your rights under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor’s Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit the EBSA website at [www.dol.gov/ebsa](http://www.dol.gov/ebsa). Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA’s website.

**Keep the University of Michigan informed of address changes**

In order to protect your and your family’s rights, you should keep the University of Michigan informed of any changes in your address and the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the University of Michigan.
COBRA Notice Procedures

Any notice that you provide must be in writing and must be submitted on the University of Michigan’s required form (the required forms are described above in this notice, and may be obtained without charge by calling the SSC Contact Center, or download them from the University Human Resources website at hr.umich.edu/cobra. Oral notice, including notice by telephone, is not acceptable. In addition, electronic (e-mailed) notices are not acceptable.

How, When, and Where to Send Notices:

You must mail your notice to:

SCC Benefits Transactions  
3003 South State Street  
Ann Arbor, MI 48109-1281

However, if a different address appears on the form, you must mail or hand-deliver your notice to that address. (If mailed, your notice must be postmarked no later than the last day of the applicable notice period. If hand-delivered, your notice must be received by the department at the address specified above no later than the last day of the applicable notice period. (The applicable notice periods are described above.)

Information Required for All Notices: Any notice you provide must include: (1) the name and address of the employee who is (or was) covered under the Plan; (2) the UMID or Social Security Number of the employee who is (or was) covered under the Plan (3) the name(s) and address(es) of all qualified beneficiary(ies) who lost coverage as a result of the qualifying event; (4) the qualifying event and the date it happened; and (5) the certification, signature, name, address, and telephone number of the person providing the notice.

Additional Information Required for Notice of Qualifying Event: If the qualifying event is a divorce, your notice should include a copy of the decree of divorce. If your coverage is reduced or eliminated and later a divorce occurs, and if you are notifying the University of Michigan that your coverage was reduced or eliminated in anticipation of the divorce, your notice must include evidence satisfactory to the university that your coverage was reduced or eliminated in anticipation of the divorce.

Additional Information Required for Notice of Disability: Any notice of disability that you provide must include: (1) the name and address of the disabled qualified beneficiary; (2) the date that the qualified beneficiary became disabled; (3) the names and addresses of all qualified beneficiaries who are still receiving COBRA coverage; (4) the date that the Social Security Administration made its determination; (5) a copy of the Social Security Administration's determination; and (6) a statement whether the Social Security Administration has subsequently determined that the disabled qualified beneficiary is no longer disabled.

Additional Information Required for Notice of Second Qualifying Event: Any notice of a second qualifying event that you provide must include: (1) the names and addresses of all qualified beneficiaries who are still receiving COBRA coverage; (2) the second qualifying event and the date that it happened; and (3) if the second qualifying event is a divorce, a copy of the decree of divorce.

Who May Provide Notices: The covered employee (i.e., the employee or former employee who is or was covered under the Plan), a qualified beneficiary who lost coverage due to the qualifying event described in the notice, or a representative acting on behalf of either may provide notices. A notice provided by any of these individuals will satisfy any responsibility to provide notice on behalf of all qualified beneficiaries who lost coverage due to the qualifying event described in the notice.